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Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, received on May 27 Head of the delegation of the Seym of the Polish People's Republic who visited the DPRK.

Marshal KIM IL SUNG Receives Head of Seym Delegation of Polish People's Republic

PYONGYANG, May 28 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Il Sung received yesterday Comrade Zenon Cliszko, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers' Party, Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party and vice-Chairman of the Seym of the Polish People's Republic, who is heading the delegation of the Seym of the Polish People's Republic now on a visit to our country.

Present there together with the Head of the delegation were Comrade Stefan Olszowski, Secretary of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers' Party and Comrade Wiktor Kinezki, vice-Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the PUWP.

Present there were Comrade So Chol, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party, and Comrade Kim Yong Nam, vice-Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the WPK.

Comrade Kim Il Sung had a friendly conversation with the guests.

Marshal KIM IL SUNG Sends Telegram to Rumanian Party and Government Leaders

PYONGYANG, May 22 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Il Sung sent today a telegram to the Party and government leaders of Rumania, expressing sympathy with the victims of a flood in Rumania.

The telegram reads:

Bucharest

Comrade Nikolae Ceausescu
General Secretary
Rumanian Communist Party

Comrade Ion Gheprghe Maurer
Chairman of the Council of Ministers
Socialist Republic of Rumania

Upon hearing the news that Rumania suffered from a flood, I express deep sympathy with you and the population in the afflicted area.

I believe that the Rumanian people will recover from the damage caused by the flood at the earliest date and stabilize the life of the population in the damaged area.

KIM IL SUNG
General Secretary of the Central Committee
Workers' Party of Korea
Premier of the Cabinet
Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Pyongyang
May 22, 1970

Marshal KIM IL SUNG Extends Congratulations To Chairman Han Duk Su of CHONGRYUN CSC on Its 15th Birthday

PYONGYANG, May 25 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Il Sung sent a telegram of greetings to Comrade Han Duk Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the formation of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan.

The telegram of greetings reads:

On the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the formation of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan, I, in the name of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and in my own name, extend warmest congratulations to Comrade Chairman and other functionaries of CHONGRYUN and the entire compatriots in Japan.

The formation of CHONGRYUN with the great idea of *Juche* of our Party as its only guiding compass was a historic event which marked a radical turn in the struggle and life of the 600,000 compatriots in Japan.

It was only after the formation of CHONGRYUN representing the unanimous will and inalienable rights and interests of the compatriots in Japan that *Juche* could be thoroughly established in the movement of the Koreans in Japan and principled unity and solidarity based on the unitary ideology of our Party be achieved. From that time the compatriots in Japan could have a reliable organization truly defending their interests and possess a clear fighting programme and scientific work method.

The glorious history which CHONGRYUN has had in the past 15 years has never been a smooth one. But no storm or trial could bar the vigorous onward movement of CHONGRYUN deep-rooted in the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese struggle.

CHONGRYUN has achieved great feats which will shine for ever in the history of struggle of our people for the freedom and independence of the fatherland and the liberation of the people, decisively frustrating the brutal suppression and subversive acts of the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries and the South Korean puppet clique, which are becoming all the more undisguised as the days go by, and ploughing through hard trials.

In the course of fulfilling the historic mission assigned it CHONGRYUN has firmly armed the functionaries and compatriots with the unitary ideology of our Party, closely rallied them around the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic and built up its organisation into a reliable and organised force not shaking to any storm.

CHONGRYUN has honourably defended the DPRK citizenship of the Korean citizens in Japan, safeguarded their human rights and right to live and reared the younger generation into national cadres infinitely faithful to the fatherland and people by correctly embodying the idea of *Juche* of our Party in all the fields of its activity.

Upholding the line of our Party and the Government of the Republic for national unification, CHONGRYUN has strengthened national unity among the compatriots of all strata in Japan, powerfully supported the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle of the South Korean people and made a great contribution to the struggle for accelerating the independent unification of the fatherland, against the crafty neo-colonial policy of U.S. imperialism and the manoeuvres of Japanese militarism to invade South Korea again.

At the same time, CHONGRYUN has enhanced in every way the international prestige of our country and strengthened the external position of CHONGRYUN by deepening friendship and solidarity with the revolutionary peoples and progressive figures of various countries of the world including the Japanese people through an active external activities.

Thus, today CHONGRYUN has grown into a dignified organisation of overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire compatriots in Japan under the guidance of CHONGRYUN are undertaking a great role in the sacred struggle for the grandeur of the fatherland and prosperity of the nation as legitimate overseas citizens of the socialist fatherland, having dispelled the sorrow of the life in an alien land.

We highly appraise and are proud of all these successes and precious achievements, which are natural fruits of the patriotic devotion and unbending struggle of the functionaries of CHONGRYUN and the compatriots in Japan.

Now the people in the homeland are raising higher the flame of the great revolutionary upsurge for meeting the historic 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea with high political enthusiasm and brilliant achievements in labour and consolidating as firm as a rock the revolutionary base in the northern half, the fountainhead of the Korean revolution and the decisive guarantee for the country's unification, politically, economically and militarily.

The South Korean people immensely inspired by the achievements of socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic, are waging a staunch struggle against the colonial, fascist rule of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and for democratic freedom, national independence and the earliest achievement of the independent unification of the fatherland. The international situation also is developing further in favour of our revolution and the just struggle of our people for the independent unification of the fatherland is enlisting ever greater international support and sympathy with each passing day.

CHONGRYUN is confronted today with the weighty task to make a new advance, firmly consolidating the achievements registered in the past 15 years.

CHONGRYUN should thoroughly arm all the functionaries and the compatriots in Japan with the unitary ideology of our Party and the brilliant revolutionary fradlitions and strengthen education in socialist patriotism to rally them rock-firm around our Party and the Government of the Republic on the basis of the great idea of *Juche* and strengthen the unity and cohesion in thought and will of the functionaries with Comrade Chairman as their centre and the compatriots.

At the same time, it should resolutely defend the democratic, national rights to which the overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, their glorious fatherland, are fully entitled, in face of the daily intensifying reactionary offensive of the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

CHONGRYUN should develop the democratic, national education among the compatriots in Japan and widely unfold the movement for guiding the younger generation in particular to correctly use our mother tongue and letters.

CHONGRYUN should also make greater contribution to achieving the peaceful unification of the fatherland by strengthening national unity with the compatriots of all strata and actively supporting and encouraging the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle of the South Korean people and their struggle against fascism and for democracy.

CHONGRYUN should enlist broad international support and sympathy for our revolution by continuously strengthening and developing the friendly bonds with the Japanese people and progressive peoples of the world.

Firmly believing that the CHONGRYUN functionaries and the entire compatriots in Japan will successfully carry out the honourable tasks facing them, I wish Comrade Chairman and other CHONGRYUN functionaries good health and the entire compatriots' happiness.

KIM IL SUNG
Premier of the Cabinet
Democratic People's Republic of Korea

May 25, 1970

Beacon of Fatherland Restoration Lit by Great Leader

On Occasion of 33rd Anniversary of Victory in Bochunbo Battle

On coming June 4, 600,000 Korean citizens in Japan together with the people of the homeland will greet the 33rd anniversary of the victory in the Bochunbo Battle which added lustre to the DPRK in its fight for the restoration of the fatherland, under the circumstances in which their patriotic enthusiasm is running exceptionally high. Today they are making great strides and innovation in all domains of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) work to meet the 5th Congress of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea with high political zeal and greater success in work, upholding the programmatic teachings of the New Year message sent them by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

The historic triumph of the Bochunbo Battle on June 4, 1937 fought by the Korean People's Revolutionary Army led by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious, iron-willed brilliant commander, gave the Korean people then suffering from national ruin under the dark colonial rule of the Japanese imperialists a ray of hope for national emancipation while powerfully evoking a great upsurge for the general Korean revolution.

The Bochunbo Battle was, indeed, a most glorious and great battle which was of tremendous historic significance in the anti-Japanese national liberation struggle and in the independent development of the Korean revolution.

An advance into the fatherland by the main force of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army was then an urgent and most important revolutionary task for the Korean Communists. It issued from the internal and external situation of revolution at that time and from a legitimate demand for the development of the Korean revolution; the demand that the Korean Communists further expand and develop the Korean revolution in general on a nation-wide scale, laying stress on the anti-Japanese armed struggle and adhering to the original line of the Korean revolution illumined by Marshal Kim Il Sung.

He called a historic meeting at Hsikang in March 1937 at the time when the Korean nation was literally standing at the crossroads of life and death and put forth the concrete line and task of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army for a deep advance into the fatherland,

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, lit a torchlight in the night sky over Bochunbo, illumining the road the Korean people should follow.

while reclarifying the new strategic line on the advance into the fatherland proposed by him at the Nunhutou Meeting in February, 1936.

The historic meeting which was held according to Marshal Kim Il Sung's far-reaching plan on the advance into the fatherland and to his genius strategic and tactical line, was of great political and military meaning for carrying out the new concrete revolutionary line set forth by him at the Nanhutou and Tungkiang Meetings and for advancing the main force of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army.

The Bochunbo Battle started with a gun report of Marshal Kim Il Sung at ten o'clock on the afternoon of June 4.

The Korean People's Revolutionary Armymen waged an indefatigable struggle against the enemy. They fought nimbly and heroically and crushed at one stroke the police substation detested and cursed by the people. In a moment the raging fire quickly consumed the *Myun* Office, the Forest Protection Office, the Post Office, the Agricultural Experiment Station and other enemy ruling organs by which the Japanese imperialists suppressed and plundered the people, stole the wealth of their fatherland and inflicted sufferings on them.

The people were moved to tears when they had the boundless glory and happiness meeting Marshal Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader of the nation and genius Leader of the Korean revolution. They were much impressed by his speech.

They firmly resolved to fight to the end with hope for the future and conviction, following the guidance of Marshal Kim Il Sung and entrusting him with all the destiny of the nation.

After the Bochunbo Battle he clarified and summed up the great victorious advance into the fatherland at the Hehsiatzukou secret camp on June 13, 1937 and put forward militant tasks for achieving more brilliant triumph in the future.

Marshal Kim Il Sung explained the great historic significance of the victory of the Bochunbo Battle as follows:

"...Its significance lies not in having killed a few Japanese villains, but in having ushered in the dawn of revolution giving the conviction that the Koreans were not dead but were alive, and they could win if they fought Japanese imperialism. The Bochunbo Battle proclaimed to the whole world that the Koreans were resisting Japanese imperialism, they did not admit Japan and Korea being one community, the Japanese villains and Koreans were not descendants of one parent source or of the same origin, the Koreans would not join the Japanese villains in invading China, the Koreans would not give up their mother tongue or change their family names to those of Japanese villains, the Koreans were not dead but were alive and they could win if they fought the Japanese villains."

The Korean people, who underwent trials at the bayonet of Japanese imperialism, bore deeply in mind the great national honour and pride of having Marshal Kim Il Sung as the great Leader of the Korean revolution. They were all the more firmly confident that the fatherland would be restored without fail and that they would always emerge victorious from the revolutionary struggle to see the bright and hopeful future, as long as he led them, because of the whole victorious advance into the fatherland by the main unit of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army.

After the Bochunbo Battle, the Korean people rallied more rock-firm around Marshal Kim Il Sung, and thus vigorously waging anti-Japanese struggle in every part of the country along the one road of revolution indicated by him.

The anti-Japanese patriotic forces including the progressive workers, peasants, youth and students, were organized and rallied more solidly under the revolutionary banner of the great revolutionary line and 10-Point Programme of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland put forward by Marshal Kim Il Sung and the ranks were expanding with every passing day.

In this way, it was possible for the independent revolutionary forces of the Korean revolution to be built up more reliable and to consolidate the massive base for founding the Party and for activating anti-Japanese armed struggles.

The ties of kinship between the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army and the masses were also consolidated still more firmly after the Bochunbo Battle.

A great upswing in the Korean revolution, brought about as a result of the great victory of the Bochunbo Battle and its enormous influence, clearly bore out the correctness of the great ideas of *Juche* of Marshal Kim Il Sung and the revolutionary line mapped out by him, while exposing and smashing thoroughly the counter-revolutionary theory of the big-power chauvinists, flunkyists and factionalists who had been hindering the independent development of the Korean revolution and shattered to pieces their counter-revolutionary manoeuvres.

The enormous significance of the victory in the Bochunbo Battle also lies in the serious military and political blows dealt at the undivided colonial rule of Japanese imperialism.

Indeed, the victory in the Bochunbo Battle inspired and encouraged not only people in the fatherland but also Koreans in Japan who struggled bravely against the Japanese imperialism along with them.

The torch of the revolution raised high by Marshal Kim Il Sung in the night sky of Bochunbo, a glorious battlefield and his command over the main unit of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army 30-odd years ago, powerfully encourages and leads to more brilliant victory the Korean people who are struggling to bring near the great revolutionary event of the unification of the fatherland and the victory of the Korean revolution on a nation-wide scale.

The revolutionary cause of the Korean people will be unvanquishable in the future too, as it is now because they have the indomitable revolutionary traditions established in the course of the heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle including the historic Bochunbo Battle by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of Korean revolution, and are under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Chairman Han Duk Su Receives Rush of Congratulatory Messages from Various Countries

On 15th Birthday of CHONGRYUN

Chairman Han Duk Su of the Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), the sole organization of the 600,000 Korean citizens here, which was founded on May 25, 1955 under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, received a rush of congratulatory telegrams and letters from international organizations, democratic social organizations and noted personages of various countries the world over on the occasion of its 15th founding day.

Extending warmest greetings to CHONGRYUN on its 15th birthday they unanimously rejoiced over the brilliant success which it had attained during the past 15 years under the excellent guidance and warm care of the great Leader. Highly appraising the great success in its struggle for country's unification and the democratic, national rights of the Koreans here, they expressed their full support for the struggle of the Korean people for independent unification of the country. They also voiced their militant solidarity with the Korean people who are fighting against the U.S. imperialists' aggressors, the common enemy of the world peace-loving people.

Among the telegrams and letters of greetings were those from:

The Central Committee of the Vietnam Fatherland Front; the Vietnam Committee for Asian-African Solidarity; the Soviet Red Cross; the Soviet-Korean Friendship Society; the Soviet Women's Committee; the Soviet Journalists Union; the Soviet Physical Culture and Sports Committee; the Cuban Committee in Defence of Revolution; the Central Council of Czechoslovak Revolutionary Trade Union Movement; the Czechoslovak Committee for Asian-African Solidarity; the State Council of Hungarian Trade Union; the Polish Committee for Solidarity with the Peoples of Asia and Africa; the Bulgarian Committee of Solidarity with the Peoples of Asia-Africa; the Rumanian Federation of Friendship with Asian-African Peoples; the German Committee of Solidarity with the Peoples of Asia-Africa; the Democratic Women's League of the German Democratic Republic; the Mongolia-Korea Friendship Association; Secretariat of the Central Committee of the French Communist Party; Executive Secretariat of the Tri-Continental Peoples' Solidarity Organization; Amilcar Cabral, General Secretary of the African Independence Party of the Portuguese Guinea and Cape Verde Islands; the World Federation of Trade Unions; the Socialist Youth of the UAR; the Iraqi Political Science Association; the Pakistan Organization for Asian-African Peoples' Solidarity; the Guinee Democratic Party; the Indo-Korean Youth Friendship Association; the Sudan-Korea Friendship Society; the Editor of the "Unification and Revolution" of the Brundi Republic; the Federal Council of Children and Youth Organizations in Praha; the World Federation of Teacher's Unions; International Trade Unions of Textile, Clothing, Leather and fur Workers; the Burchill Victoria International Studies Association; Commerce TUI in Praha; Students of Angola, Mozambique and Guinea studying in Bisau; the Council of National Liberation of Congo in Havana; Khaled Mahieldin (Cairo); Franciso Xavier (Angola); Teresa Calual (Guinea B); Yuas Jos Soutn (Mozambique) and so on.

JOINT COMMUNIQUE

On Visit of Delegation of Chilean Communist Party to DPRK

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—A joint communique on the visit of a delegation of the Chilean Communist Party to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea was issued in Pyongyang on May 20.

Follows the joint communique:

A delegation of the Chilean Communist Party headed by Comrade Ollando Millas, Member of the Political Committee of the Chilean Communist Party and Chief Editor of "Principios," theoretical organ of the Party, paid a friendship visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea from May 12 to May 20, 1970, at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

During its visit the delegation of the Chilean Communist Party was received by Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

A friendly conversation took place on the occasion.

During its stay in Korea the delegation of the Chilean Communist Party looked around Mangyongdae, the cradle of the Korean revolution, and the Korean Revolution Museum and factories and educational and cultural institutions in Pyongyang, Kaesong and Hamhung cities and was accorded warm welcome and cordial hospitality by the Korean people everywhere it went.

Talks were held between the delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Chilean Communist Party during the visit.

Present at the talks from the Workers' Party of Korea side were Comrade Kim Dong Gyu, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party; Comrade Choe Jung Guk, Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the WPK; and Comrade Kim Yong Nam, vice-Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the WPK.

Present from the Chilean Communist Party side were Comrade Ollando Millas, Member of the Political Committee of the Chilean Communist Party and Chief Editor of "Principios," theoretical organ of the Party; Comrade Eliana Aumada, Member of the Central Committee of the Chilean Communist Party and First Secretary of the Cordillera District Committee, Santiago, of the Chilean Communist Party, and Comrade Fernando Ortiz, Member of the Central Committee of the Chilean Communist Party and Chairman of the Students Commission of the Party Central Committee.

At the talks the two sides informed each other of the situation of their respective countries and activities of their respective Parties and exchanged views on further developing the relations of friendship and cooperation between the two Parties and other questions of concern.

The talks proceeded in a comradely and friendly atmosphere.

The delegation of the Chilean Communist Party spoke highly of the Korean people who under the wise leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung, have converted in a historically brief span of time their country into a developed socialist state with solid foundations of an independent national economy and a mighty whole-people defence system and brilliant national culture by creatively applying Marxism-Leninism to the specific conditions of Korea and are now effecting uninterrupted revolutionary upsurge in the struggle for the victory of socialism and communism.

The delegation of the Chilean Communist Party vehemently denounced the U.S. imperialists for intensifying the manoeuvres for provoking a new war against the northern half of the Republic, occupying a half of the land of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and manifested all-out support to and firm solidarity with the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people in their struggle for unifying the country with the efforts of the Korean people themselves on democratic principles and in a peaceful way.

The delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea actively supported and expressed firm solidarity with the Chilean Communist Party and the Chilean working class in their righteous struggle against the U.S. imperialists and the oligarchical forces at home and for the vital rights of the toiling masses and peace, democracy and socialism.

The delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea manifested support to and solidarity with the Latin American people in their struggle against the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and for the freedom and liberation and social progress and stressed that this struggle was a heavy blow at the aggressive policy of the U.S. imperialists and their colonial rule.

The two sides stressed in unison that the socialist countries, the international communist movement and all the anti-imperialist revolutionary forces of the world should unite close and fight more vigorously against imperialism, U.S. imperialism in particular, under the present conditions in which the imperialists headed by the U.S. imperialists are becoming ever more undisguised in their aggression and war manoeuvres in Indochina, the Near and Middle East and the rest of the world.

The two sides bitterly denounced Japanese militarism which, having been revived today as a dangerous force of aggression in Asia under the zealous aegis of U.S. imperialism, is taking the road of aggression against Korea and other Asian countries in accordance with the new strategy of the U.S. imperialists to make Asians fight Asians and underscored the necessity of fighting Japanese militarism, while fighting U.S. imperialism.

The two sides sternly denounced the criminal war of aggression the U.S. imperialists are carrying on in Vietnam and manifested full support to and solidarity with the fraternal Vietnamese people in the heroic struggle against U.S. aggression and for national salvation which they are waging to liberate the South, defend the North and they are waging to liberate the fatherland.

The two sides sharply denounced the incessant aggression and provocative acts of the U.S. imperialists against the Republic of Cuba and expressed all-out support to and solidarity with the fraternal Cuban people in their heroic struggle for defending the motherland and the gains of the revolution and successfully building socialism.

The two sides expressed satisfaction over the results of the visit of the delegation of the Chilean Communist Party to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and considered that this visit would be greatly conducive to strengthening the relations of friendship and cooperation and class solidarity between the communists and working classes of Korea and Chile in the joint struggle against imperialism and colonialism headed by U.S. imperialism and for peace, democracy and national independence and for the victory of the cause of socialism.

Grand Pyongyang City Meet Held in Celebration of 15th Birthday of CHONGRYUN

A Grand Pyongyang City Meeting celebrating the 15th anniversary of the formation of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) was held on May 25 at the Pyongyang Grand Theatre.

Respectfully placed on the platform in fragrant flowers was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who has led the entire Korean people and the compatriots abroad along a straight road of victory and glory and brought today's worthy, new life to the compatriots in Japan who had been languishing in the bitter lot of a ruined nation, and spread on its background was a huge flag of the glorious Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the banner of freedom, independence and happiness of our people which the anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters won at the cost of blood and fine sons and daughters of our people defended with their lives in the great Fatherland Liberation War, under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

The meeting was attended by a large number of working people of all strata in Pyongyang, the capital of the revolution, functionaries of Party and government organs and public organisations and compatriots who are leading a new life full of hope after returning to the socialist fatherland by the sea route of repatriation opened by the respected and beloved Leader.

Present there together with working people in the city were Comrades Choi Yong Kun, Kim Gwang Hyop, Nam Il, Li Jong Ok, Pak Jong Ae, So Chol, Kim Jung Rin, Sok San, Chong Jun Taek and Han Ik Su; and other leading functionaries of the Party and government organs and public organisations.

When Kang Hui Won, Chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal People's Committee, declared the meeting open, the band struck up the national anthem with solemnity.

Comrade So Chol, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Secretary of the Party Central Committee, made a report at the meeting.

The reporter, to begin with, recalled that the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan was formed on May 25, 1955, under the wise leadership and paternal solicitude of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader and great sun of our nation.

The formation of CHONGRYUN, he said, was a brilliant fruition of the immortal idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement, and his original line on solution of the question of the overseas compatriots and it was a historic event which brought about an epochal turn in the activities of the compatriots in Japan for defence of their democratic, national rights and promotion of the peaceful unification of the fatherland.

All the tremendous achievements made by CHONGRYUN over the last 15 years are a victory of the great idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of the revolution, and fruition of his wise leadership and paternal solicitude, the reporter stressed.

The reporter continued:

The idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, has displayed its tremendous vitality through the movement of the Koreans in Japan and the patriotic activities of CHONGRYUN and served as a fundamental source of all the successes made by CHONGRYUN in its work.

The reporter referred in detail to the fact that Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, has always led the just struggle of the compatriots in Japan for defending democratic, national rights along the one road of victory in conformity with the requirements of the movement of Koreans in Japan and showed them deep fatherly love.

And the reporter pointed out that the struggle which CHONGRYUN and the Korean compatriots in Japan have waged vigorously under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, for defence of their democratic, national rights and for the national prosperity and the unification of the fatherland, is an entirely righteous, patriotic struggle.

He sharply condemned with surging national indignation the reactionary Sato clique of Japan for their intensifying suppression and persecution of CHONGRYUN and the Korean compatriots in Japan.

Dwelling on the tasks for defending the democratic, national rights of the compatriots in Japan and supporting and encouraging their righteous, patriotic struggle, the reporter stressed:

For the fulfilment of these honourable tasks, the entire people should, above all, arm themselves more firmly with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the unitary ideology of our Party, and deeply study and grasp the great revolutionary ideas of the Leader and the Party policies, their embodiment, and his glorious and brilliant revolutionary history and thus steadily revolutionize and working-classize themselves and in this course prepare themselves as true revolutionary soldiers who defend the Leader politically and ideologically and with their lives, not vacillating in the least in any adversity.

Only victory and glory are in store for the Korean people and the compatriots in Japan who are vigorously advancing, rallied close around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, upholding his wise leadership.

The attendants of the celebration renewed their firm determination to remain loyal to the end to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution and the sun of the nation, and keep his great revolutionary ideas in bloom generation after generation and fight staunchly under the wise leadership of the Leader for the complete victory of socialism and the idependent unification of the fatherland.

The attendants of the celebration expressed their resolve to render more powerful support and encouragement to the struggle CHONGRYUN and compatriots in Japan are waging against the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries and Japanese reactionaries and arch traitor Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their stooges, to defend the democratic, national rights and promote national unification, upholding the line of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, on the movement of Koreans in Japan.

The celebration closed with the playing of the national anthem.

(KCNA)

Short News From DPRK

* A 1970-71 plan for cultural exchange between the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Government of the Socialist Republic of Rumania was signed on May 9 in Pyongyang.

The plan envisages development of the relations of cooperation in the fields of science, education, literature, arts, public health, radio, sports and the press between Korea and Rumania in 1970-71.

* The Korean Engineering Industry Association was inaugurated in Pyongyang on May13.

This association will actively contribute to the development of industrial technology and the carrying out of the technical revolution in the country, holding aloft the instructions of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, of thoroughly establishing *Juche* in the development of science and technology and powerfully waging the technical innovation movement and the policies of the Party.

The association will also actively participate in international organizations in the domain of world engineering industry and their meetings, develop relations of friendship and cooperation with scientists, technicians and specialists in this domain and conduct scientific and technical intercourse from the firm stand of *Juche*.

On the other hand, the Korean Textile Industry Association was founded in Pyongyang on May 11.

* Ratification instruments of a consular agreement between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Mongolian People's Republic were exchanged in Ulan Bator on May 26.

Report by Chairman Han Duk Su of CSC of CHONGRYUN

At Central Meeting of Koreans Here to Celebrate 15th Birthday of CHONGRYUN

Chairman Han Duk Su of the Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) made a report at a central meeting of Koreans in Japan to commemorate the 15th birthday of CHONGRYUN. The report reads in part:

In the beginning of his report, Chairman Han Duk Su said that today we greeted with great emotion and joy the 15th anniversary of CHONGRYUN founded and brought up by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and that the hearts of workers and Koreans here throbbed with boundless honour and pride at the glorious telegram sent in person by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader on the occasion of the 15th birthday of CHONGRYUN.

In his telegram the respected and beloved Leader extended warmest congratulations to CHONGRYUN workers and Koreans here and said as follows:

"The formation of CHONGRYUN with the great idea of Juche of our Party as its only guiding compass was a historic event which marked a radical turn in the struggle and life of the 600,000 compatriots in Japan."

"The glorious history which CHONGRYUN has had in the past 15 years has never been a smooth one. But no storm or trial could bar the vigorous onward movement of CHONGRYUN deep-rooted in the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese struggle.

CHONGRYUN has achieved great feats which will shine for ever in the history of struggle of our people for the freedom and independence of the fatherland and the liberation of the people, decisively frustrating the brutal suppression and subversive acts of the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries and the South Korean puppet clique, which are becoming all the more undisguised as the days go by, and ploughing through hard trials."

This is the words filled with love and care.

Looking back with emotion upon the proud road traversed by CHONGRYUN under the wise leadership of the great Leader, all the workers and Korean compatriots here are filled with determination to carry out the patriotic work of CHONGRYUN more enthusiastically, following the call of the Leader single-heartedly.

Its whole course is a course of shining victory. In this course CHONGRYUN embodied the great *Juche* ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, overcoming the increased persecution and suppression on the part of the enemy and difficulties and bottlenecks and defying all sorts of wrong tendencies which appeared within the organization.

Today, it is more closely rallying the workers and Korean compatriots here behind Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, than ever before.

It scored great results in all the domains of its work to build up the organization with credit, firmly defend the democratic, national rights of Koreans here, promote the independent unification of the country and heighten the international prestige of the DPRK.

All the brilliant victories and successes attained by it are a shining victory of the *Juche* ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader of revolution and a successful fruition of his sagacious leadership and compatriotism-inspired care.

In the busy days when he led our people to great victory and prosperity for 40 years since he started the revolution in his early years, carrying the destiny of the fatherland and the nation, Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, always warmly looked after Koreans here who were persecuted and suppressed, not forgetting them for a moment.

Marshal Kim Il Sung founded CHONGRYUN when Korean compatriots in Japan found themselves in the most difficult condition because of suppression by the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys, brightly lit the road for them and enabled them to have the honour as inheritors to the glorious revolutionary traditions.

Saying that there was not a moment in the 15 years of CHONGRYUN work when the paternal care of the Leader was not extended and that there was no place in the life of Koreans here where his paternal love was not given, the Chairman went on:

Marshal Kim Il Sung instituted the Law on DPRK Nationality and firmly ensured legal status for Koreans here.

He adopted state measures protesting and denouncing the unwarranted suppression and national discrimination of Koreans here and the violation of their human rights by the Japanese Government.

The Leader opened the route of repatriation to the fatherland, the aspiration of Koreans here, realized their long-cherished desire to live in the warm bosom of the Leader and enabled them to lead a happy new life under the socialist system.

Up to date since April of 1957 when the economic condition of the State was difficult the paternal Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung sent educational aid funds and stipends totalling 9,117,317,133 yen (in Japanese currency) on 35 occasions for the democratic, national education of Korean compatriots here.

Nor is this all.

He gave on many occasions the honour of state citation and commendation to many CHONGRYUN workers and patriotic businessmen and conferred the title of the Merited Teacher, the Merited Artist, the Merited Actor, the Merited Athlete, professorship and assistant professorship. Especially he enabled the seven representatives of CHONGRYUN functionaries and Koreans here in all walks of life to have the high honour as Deputies to the Supreme People's Assembly of the Republic and participate in the state affairs while living in a foreign country.

He awarded six CHONGRYUN branches and five schools the "Title of the 20th Anniversary of the Founding of the DPRK" and personally sent the letter of congratulation, and gave the "People's Prize," the highest prize in the field of art and "golden medal" to the grand music and dance epic "Under the Glory of the Fatherland."

After the Chairman extended greatest honour and thanks to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who has led the Korean people to victory and glory and took warm care of Korean compatriots here, he referred to the victorious road traversed by CHONGRYUN.

The road of 15 years traversed by CHONGRYUN was a proud road of victory and glory, struggle and advance along which it successfully embodied the great revolutionary ideas, the *Juche* ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and inherited and developed the glorious revolutionary traditions.

Upholding the teachings of Marshal Kim Il Sung, functionaries and Korean compatriots here resolved to be faithful to the Leader undertook active struggles to change the line of the movement of Koreans here, tiding over all kinds of persecution by the enemy and the negative tendencies within the organization.

Chairman Han Duk Su

Thanks to the wise leadership and paternal care of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, CHONGRYUN, the organization of overseas citizens of the DPRK, was founded on May 25 of 1955.

Its founding enabled Koreans here to embody thoroughly the great revolutionary ideas, the *Juche* ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung and develop vigorously their patriotic work under the unitary guidance of the Leader.

Indeed, the formation of CHONGRYUN marked an epoch-making turning point in the radical change of the patriotic work and life of Koreans here.

Its 8-point program regards it as the basic aim to make the great *Juche* ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung the guiding line and embody them full-scale.

It firmly armed all the Koreans here with the great *Juche* ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, solidly united them around him and made them march along the road to the development of the country and the prosperity of the nation in unison with the people in the homeland.

It endevoured to consolidate and develop its organization, exposing and smashing the subversive machinations of the enemy at each step.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught:

"In the course of fulfilling the historic mission assigned it CHONGRYUN has firmly armed the functionaries and compatriots with the unitary ideology of our Party, closely rallied them around the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic and built up its organization into a reliable and organized force not shaking to any storm."

Under the care of Marshal Kim Il Sung it has become a powerful organization which possesses 48 prefectural headquarters, over 300 chapters and about 2,000 branches whereever compatriots live, 13 bodies of social strata such as the League of Korean Youth in Japan, the Korean Democratic Women's Union in Japan and the Federation of Korean Traders and Industrialists in Japan and many enterprises.

Its regular publications which were only four kinds 15 years ago have now been increased to 34 kinds including the "Chosun Shinbo" (Korean daily) and the "Fatherland" (magazine) and newspapers and news in five laguages of Korean, Japanese, English, French and Spanish are disseminated to over 130 countries.

Its Model Branch Creating Movement which was launched from 1961 after the Chollima Movement in the fatherland is being waged vigorously into a powerful mass movement comprising tens of thousands of compatriots in all walks of life at more than 3,000 units such as its branches, bodies of social strata and enterprises.

Referring to brilliant successes attained in the work to defend the democratic, national rights of Koreans here, he said as follows:

The course of 15 years taken by CHONGRYUN clearly proves that it alone is the genuine body for the rights of Korean compatriots here.

It vigorously fought against the machinations of the enemy here and abroad to impose puppet "ROK nationality" upon compatriots, laid bare at each step the farce of "application for permanent residence" which was staged by the enemy after the conclusion of the "South Korea-Japan Treaty" and firmly defended the DPRK citizenship of Koreans here.

By its vigorous struggle, the first repatriation boat left Niigata Port in December of 1959 and after that 88,611 compatriots returned on 155 occasions to the bosom of the beloved fatherland, living a happy new life there.

As a result of its powerful struggle, the Japanese Government permitted two Koreans here to visit the fatherland for the first time in 1965 and up to date 14 compatriots were able to travel on three occasions to and from the fatherland where the mettle of Chollima is being displayed.

CHONGRYUN fought day and night against the violation of human rights and unjustifiable suppression of our compatriots on the part of the Japanese authorities and is fighting against the murder of and violence to our students and compatriots.

It constantly waged mass petition struggles to oppose the scheme to cook up a notorious "Immigration and Emigration Control Law" and broad sections of the Japanese people supported us in the struggle. Over 25,000 noted Japanese scholars, men of culture and lawyers issued a statement and many local assemblies adopted resolutions opposing the scheme.

It has done everything in its power to safeguard the right of businessmen to enterprise and solve the questions of tax and loan, while opposing the suppression of traders and industrialists by the Japanese authorities such as discrimination and inspection. The Federation of Korean Traders and Industrialists made a radical progress after it was affiliated with CHONGRYUN. The number of cooperatives was increased from 95 to 138.

Our credit associations greatly developed under the guidance of CHONGRYUN. The number of credit associations increased from eight in May of 1955 to 32 in March of 1970; the number of branch office from15 to 109 during the same period; the number of the member from 9,699 to 113,780; and the amount of deposit money from over 870,000,000 yen to 102,705,000,000 yen.

The success CHONGRYUN scored in the work of democratic, national education during 15 years by embodying the education ideas of the great Leader is one of the most proud and shining results attained by our association.

Under the solicitude of the Leader, it founded Korean University in 1956 and firmly set up educational system from primary school to university, thereby giving a complete national education from primary school to university to children of Koreans here.

By the formation of CHONGRYUN we established the independent right to education and made a remarkable progress in the increase of number of schools and students and the contents of education. Today we have 155 independent schools and run many afternoon and night schools where Korean children in Japanese schools are given national education.

Furthermore, we obtained the authorization of Korean University in 1968 and 139 schools and 25 of 27 prefectural educational associations were given legal recognition.

Since the founding of CHONGRYUN our culture and the arts were in full bloom, learning from the golden arts of the fatherland.

Our artists have fulfilled their duty successfully. Since its formation the Korean Central Art Troupe have given 2,530 performances with the attendance of 4,700,000 people; the dramatic company over 180 performances attended by 120,000 people; and local music and dance groups 1,500 performances with the participation of 760,000 people. These performances greatly moved and educated them.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people taught:

"Upholding the line of our Party and the Government of the Republic for national unification, CHONGRYUN has strengthened national unity among the compatriots of all strata in Japan, powerfully supported the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle of the South Korean people and made a great contribution to the struggle for accelerating the independent unification of the fatherland, against the crafty neo-colonial policy of U.S. imperialism and the manoeuvres of Japanese militarism to invade South Korea again."

CHONGRYUN exposed and denounced consistently the true colour and aftereffect of the U.S. imperialist policy of colonial enslavement against South Korea and of making it into military bases, and their machinations to provoke another war and fascist terror, and powerfully fought to demand the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea and sweep away the Pak Jung Hi clique, their faithful clique.

In carrying out the struggle for national unification, it concentrated, first of all, its efforts on expounding and bringing to home the great revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, his wise leadership and lofty virtues to compatriots affiliated with "MINDAN" (the Union of "ROK" Residents in Japan) and South Korean people.

It, strengthening national unity among Koreans here, actively supported and encouraged the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle of the South Korean people.

In particular, from February to March last year it organized the "Month of Struggle against the Execution of Patriots Including Kim Jong Tae Belonging to the Revolutionary Party for Unification" and vigorously carried out the mass-based struggle to oppose the fascist terror by the U.S. im-

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Central Meeting of Koreans Here Held to Celebrate 15th Birthday of CHONGRYUN

A grand central meeting of Koreans in Japan celebrating the 15th anniversary of the formation of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) was held on May 25 at the Hibiya Public Hall in Tokyo, Japan.

Respectfully placed on the platform with a big national flag of the DPRK as its background was a portrait of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement, who always leads the Korean people to victory and glory, happiness and prosperity, and shows all sorts of paternal solicitude for the compatriots in Japan.

Hanging there were a model of Mt. Paekdoo symbolizing the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the Workers' Party of Korea established by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, in the flames of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle, and a model of the Chollima statue symbolizing the soaring spirit of heroic Korea which is throwing her radiant rays all over the world as the "fatherland of *Juche*," "Chollima Korea" and a "model country of socialism" under the wise leadership of the Leader.

The faces of over 4,000 attendants were overflowing with the feelings of highest respect, adoration and ardent loyalty for the Leader and the boundless honor and pride of being citizens of the DPRK.

As the meeting opened amid the solemn playing of the national anthem, young pioneers, flower buds, entered the meeting hall and extended warm greetings and salute of young pioneers to the entire attendants of the meeting.

A telegram of greetings from Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, to Comrade Han Duk Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN, on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the formation of CHONGRYUN was read out first at the meeting.

The central meeting of Koreans in Japan celebrating the 15th anniversary of the founding of CHONGRYUN was held on May 25 at the Hibiya Public Hall in Tokyo.

When the reading of the telegram of greetings from Marshal Kim Il Sung was over, the attendants broke into shouts "Long live Marshal Kim Il Sung" in an emotion-charged tone, shaking the meeting hall. Thunderous applause lasted for a long while.

A silk banner sent in joint name by the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and a red flag embroidered with a portrait of the Leader, sent with all sincerity by the people in the homeland and silk banners, congratulatory messages and souvenirs sent by public organizations, organs of different levels, enterprises and co-operative farms in the homeland were introduced and congratulatory telegrams from various public organizations were read out amid the surging emotion and excitement pervading the meeting hall.

Chairman Han Duk Su delivered a report. (See on page 4)

Congratulatory speeches were made by Shoichi Kasuga, Member of the Presidium of the Japan Communist Party, Tsunehiko Antaku, Chairman of the Special Measure Committee for Korean Affairs of the Japan Socialist Party; Akira Iwai, Director of the Secretariat of the Japan Council of Trade Unions (SOHYO); Hiroshi Innami, Deputy Representative Director of the National Council of the Japan-Korea Association; and other public figures of Japan who were invited as guests.

Also read out amid the enthusiastic applause of the attendants of the meeting were many telegrams of greetings sent by political parties and public organizations of Vietnam, Cuba, the Soviet Union, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Rumania, Iraq, the People's Republic of the Congo, Mozambique, France and many other countries and by the Executive Secretariat of the Tri-Continental People's Solidarity Orgnization; the Secretariat of the World Federation of Trade Unions, and many other international organizations, on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the formation of CHONGRYUN.

The attendants of the meeting adopted amid the enthusiastic applause a message to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

The meeting closed with the loud chorus of "Song of General Kim Il Sung" and the shouting of *manse* (hurrah) three times.

The Korean techni-color wide-screen feature film "Under the Bright Sun" was shown after the meeting.

(Continued from page 4)

perialists and the puppet Pak Jung Hi clique and save South Korean patriots.

Moreover, CHONGRYUN workers and Koreans here strengthened kindred tie with South Korean people and warmly met travelers from South Korea.

Referring to the external activities of CHONGRYUN, the Chairman said:

It attained many results in the domain of external work to strengthen international friendship with the Japanese and the peoples of the whole world.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught: "...CHONGRYUN **has enhanced in every way the international prestige of our country and strengthened the external position of CHONGRYUN by deepening friendship and solidarity with the revolutionary peoples and progressive figures of various countries of the world including the Japanese people through active external activities.**"

We actively explained and disseminated the genius works presented at each time by Marshal Kim Il Sung and the history of his revolutionary struggle to broad sections of the Japanese people and the peoples of the world. Following the publication in Japanese and English of "KIM IL SUNG : Biography," the translation of the "General Kim Il Sung, the Sun of the Nation," its French edition was also off the press on the 58th birthday of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Now "KIM IL SUNG: Biography" is being voraciously read as "valuable textbook" and "food for struggle" by the peoples of 140 countries throughout five continents including the Japanese people.

Statesmen, scholars, men of culture and social workers of Japan and various countries of the world are expressing absolute support for and trust in Premier Kim Il Sung, unanimously saying with unstinted praise that "the name of General Kim Il Sung is the pride of not only the Korean nation but also Asia, and the symbol of hope for the peoples of the world fighting against oppression" and that Premier Kim Il Sung "will record his name for ever in world history as the most outstanding Leader after the passing away of Lenin."

CHONGRYUN cemented solidarity with the international anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. forces, enjoyed their support and encouragement in the struggle of our people for the independent peaceful unification of the country, and greatly aroused public opinion opposing the re-invasion of South Korea on the part of Japanese militarism which reappeared as the dangerous force of aggression and war with the backing of U.S. imperialism.

All these proud successes scored by CHONGRYUN are due entirely to the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, and his care higher than the mountains and deeper than the sea.

Touching upon the tasks posed before CHONGRYUN, Chairman Han Duk Su said:

Today before it are the glorious tasks to arm more firmly the workers and compatriots with the revolutionary ideas, the *Juche* ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, unite them more closely around him and unite their strength to the maximum for the cause of the South Korean revolution and national reintegration.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, taught:

"CHONGRYUN is confronted today with the weighty task to make a new advance, firmly consolidating the achievements registered in the past 15 years.

CHONGRYUN should thoroughly arm all the functionaries and the compatriots in Japan with the unitary ideology of our Party and the brilliant revolutionary traditions and strengthen education in socialist patriotism to rally them rock-firm around our Party and the Government of the Republic on the basis of the great idea of Juche and strengthen the unity and cohesion in thought and will of the functionaries with Comrade Chairman as their centre and the compatriots."

All the workers and compatriots should be, as they were in the past 15 years upholding the teachings of Marshal Kim Il Sung, faithful to the great Leader and firmly united around him, devote all their wisdom and energies to the fulfilment of patriotic work of CHONGRYUN indicated by him, not shaking to any storm.

Today the general situation is changing more and more in favour of the struggle of the Korean people for the South Korean revolution and national unification.

The revolutionary force of the northen half of the Republic has become impregnable in all the domains of politics, the economy, and military and cultural affairs; the revolutionary force of South Korea has grown into a reliable one despite ruthless suppression by U.S. imperialism and its lackeys; and international solidarity between the Korean people and the anti-imperialist revolutionary forces has been strengthened more than ever before.

In accordance with the present situation changing in favour of national reintegration, CHONGRYUN workers and Koreans here should further develop its work.

To greet the 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and the 9th Congress of CHONGRYUN with high political zeal and fresh success, they should get the organizations filled with the revolutionary ideas of the Leader and bring great innovations to the work to defend their democratic, national rights and promote the unification of the country.

They must unconditionally support and defend the teachings of the Leader and CHONGRYUN decisions based on them and carry them out to the last.

In order to implement successfully the glorious tasks presented before CHONGRYUN, they must build up its organization into a firm one which will not shake to any storm.

CHONGRYUN should further strengthen the struggle to defend the organization and the democratic, national rights of Korean compatriots here.

National unificaiton is the unanimous aspiration of the entire Korean people and the supreme national task the fulfilment of which does not permit of a moment's delay.

All the functionaries and compatriots should do all they can to accomplish the South Korean revolution and national reintegration by any means at the earliest date.

They should conduct external activities centering on the task to propagate widely the great revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung and advance the unification of the country and vigorously step up public opinion supporting the struggle of the Korean people as the situation becomes intense and difficult.

All the functionaries and compatriots must launch a mass-based innovation movement with mettle higher than they displayed at the time of the "100-Day Innovation Movement" to meet the 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and the 9th Congress of CHONGRYUN as inheritors to the revolutionary traditions and vigorously advance forward in keeping with the Chollima march of the people in the homeland.

In the concluding part of his report, Chairman Han Duk Su said as follows:

There are no more glorious overseas citizens in the world than 600,000 Koreans here marching forward with Marshal Kim Il Sung as their great Leader.

As in the past, only victory and glory will be in store for 600,000 Koreans here advancing forward following the call of Marshal Kim Il Sung under his wise leadership.

Let all the Koreans here unite themselves more firmly around Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriots, national hero, ever-victorious, iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements and march forward towards a new victory along the road indicated by him!

Japan Authorities, Stop Mob Violence by Bad Jap. Students against Korean Boys and Ensure Democratic National Rights of Koreans Here!

CHONGRYUN CSC Issues Statement

On Assaults upon Koreans Here

The Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (CHONGRYUN) released on May 26 a statement in connection with a series of assaults by rightist delinquent Japanese students upon Korean students.

The statement was announced at a press conference given by its Chairman Han Duk Su to Korean and Japanese reporters.

The full text of the statement is as follows:

Of late. incidents of mob violence of delinquent Japanese students upon Korean students have occurred in succession in different parts of Tokyo just at a time when the Japanese militarists are further tightening the policy of hostility towards the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and intensifying the national discrimination against and persecution of Korean citizens in Japan, while actively collaborating on the U.S. inperialist policy of aggression and war.

When some 20 bad Japanese students of Kokushikan Senior High School located seven students of the senior course of Tokyo Korean Middle-High School including Son Ri On aboard a train on their way home, they, chanting "Kill Korean high school boys!" attacked the Korean students, forcibly dragged them out of the train at Yoyogi Station and did mob violence to them. They robbed the Korean boys of their school badges, belts, fountain pens, money and the like.

Prior to this, around 1 p.m. on May 23, at Shinjuku Station eight refractory Japanese students of the same Kokushikan Senior High School carried out mob violence against Kim Ryo Chol, student of the senior course of the same Korean Middle-High School and deprived him of his school badge, buttons and so on. On May 22 at Kinshicho Station 20-odd Japanese hooligans committed mob violence upon six students of the Korean school's senior course and heavily wounded one of them Kim Tae Il who needed a six months' treatment.

On May 21, at two places of Shinjuku Station Kim Mu Yong and Kim Song Min, both students of the senior course of Tokyo Korean Middle-High School suffered mob violence at the hands of bad Japanese students and were robbed of their school badges, buttons and other personal effects. On the same day, at Hirai Station seven Korean students including Kwon Chang Hyon suffered mob violence at the hands of 10 Japanese scoundrels.

For three days, May 16, 18 and 19, at Oji, Shibuya and Ikebukuro stations and other places 11 students of the senior course of Tokyo Korean Middle-High School suffered mob violence in succession at the hands of delinquent Japanese students. Among the victims are Pak Song On, Kwon Ok Sul and Kwak Ryung Sin.

From Apr. 8 to May 25 a total of 29 incidents took place in which Korean students became victims of mob violence.

The barbarous mob violence that delinquent Japanese students are carrying out against Korean students, shouting "Let's stamp out Korean high schools!" or "Kill Korean high school boys!" is a result of the reactionary policy of the Japanese militarists who are scheming to stir up hatred for the Korean people and estrange the Japanese people from Korean the people.

As the organization whose job is to protect the interests of Korean citizens in Japan, CHONGRYUN has demanded on several occasions that the Japanese Government should take relevant steps to prevent such incidents of violence from being repeated and ensure the democratic, national rights for Korean citizens in Japan.

However, the Japanese Government has failed to adopt any sincere measures and rather encouraged brutal acts of mob violence.

The Japanese police authorities treat Korean students, victims of the incidents as "criminals," rather than investigate the cases and punish the assailants now left at large.

The Japanese police authorities go so far as to pay no heed to Japanese ruffians engaging in flagrant acts, disguising themselves as Korean high school boys by wearing the uniforms, school badges and other personal effects they robbed the Korean high school students of. While emboldening them, the Japanese police authorities plot to throw the responsibility for their flagrant acts upon the Korean students.

The Japanese police authorities have committed provocative acts against Korean University over the two years by employing gangsters of the "International Union for Winning Communism" and tried to harass its school work. On May 14 they perpetrated the act of violence in arresting the faculty members of Korean University who had issued a warning to the gangsters against their acts of provocation.

A series of incidents including the incidents of mob violence committed towards Korean high school boys prove that today the Japanese Government is not giving legal protection to Korean citizens here.

These brutalities daily committed against Korean citizens in the very heart of Tokyo remind us of the past fact that the Japanese imperialists massacred Korean residents at the time of the great Kanto Earthquake.

The Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan resolutely condemns with surging natoinal indignation the Japanese Government for carrying out unwarranted suppression and violence against Korean citizens in Japan.

As is well known, while further strengthening the machinations to impose puppet "ROK nationality" upon Korean citizens in Japon since the conclusion of the criminal "ROK-Japan Treaty," the Japanese Government has persisted in the plots to make into law the "Foreigners' School Bill" designed to suppress their democratic national education and the "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill" conceived to infringe upon their basic human rights, and has left the repatriation operation suspended for over two years.

In agreement with the plan trumped up in the "Japan-U.S. joint statement" the Japanese militarists have taken part in the U.S. imperialist policy of provoking a new war in Korea. They have defined South Korea, so to speak, as "within their sphere of influence," and launched into overseas expansion, in order to bring into reality their old dream of "Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere."

Carried out by the Japanese militarists as part of their scheme to revive militarism and fascistiz Japan, these actions of persecution and suppression will lead to a new aggressive war as the past history proves.

This runs counter entirely to the desire and interests of the Japanese people.

We strongly demand that the Japanese Government should immediately give up the unjustifiable policy of suppression of Korean citizens in Japan, guarantee their democratic, national rights and punish the persons responsible for the incidents of mob violence and adopt proper measures pretovent the repetition of such incidents.

The 600,000 Korean residents in Japan are full-fledged overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea headed by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

Counting upon the support and encouragement of the broader sections of Japanese people and the good-minded peoples of the world, we will continue to struggle resolutely to defend our democratic, national rights including basic human rights.

DPRK Foreign Ministry Issues Statement

Denouncing Japan Gov't Suppression and Persecution of Koreans Here

PYONGYANG, May 23 (KCNA)—The Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a statement today in connection with the fact that the Sato Government of Japan is all the more stepping up the hostile policy against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, trampling underfoot the democratic national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan and undisguisedly committing the illegal suppression and persecution of them. The full text of the statement reads:

The Sato Government of Japan has recently been all the more stepping up its hostile policy against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, while trampling underfoot the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan and undisguisedly committing illegal suppression and persecution of them.

The Japanese authorities who are always bent on suppressing the Korean citizens in Japan committed on the 14 of May one more grave provocative violence on teachers and staff members of Korean University in Tokyo.

On the day, the Kodaira police authorities under the Tokyo Metropolitan Police Office instigated the fascist gangsters of the so-called "International Anti-communist League" to throng to Korean University and run riot.

They mobilized over 50 mechanized police men to commit violence on teachers and staff members of university, wielding police clubs, and perpetrated the outrage of arresting Nam Sung U, teacher of this university.

This base, sinister violence on teachers and staff members of Korean University constituted an intolerable challenge to the 600,000 Korean citizens in Japan and a flagrant violation of international law and elementary human right.

This is an evident manifestation of the hostile policy stepped up systematically by the Sato Government of Japan against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people resolutely denounce with surging indignation the Sato Government of Japan for such criminal act.

It is an unavoidable, legal and moral obligation of the Japanese Government to ensure democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan, proud overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

This notwithstanding, the Japanese Government is constantly enforcing national discrimination against the Korean citizens in Japan, mobilizing the suppressive tools and right-wing fascist terrorists to suppress and bestially kill them and giving great threats even to their daily life and resorting to all sorts of machinations for obstructing the enforcement of the democratic, national education of the Korean citizens in Japan.

This is not the first provocation against Korean University. In October, 1967 the Japanese militarists also committed the outrageous provocative acts of mobilizing scores of fully armed men of the Japanese ground "Self-defense Forces" to stage a military exercise with the building of Korean University and its teachers and staff members as a target.

Besides, the Japanese militarists committed innumerable outrages of habitually raiding, destroying and setting fire to Korean schools in Japan and killing or wounding, arresting and detaining Korean teachers and students.

Such outrages of the Japanese militarists are a link in the chain of the machination to violate the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan and speed up militaristic fascistization at home.

And the Sato Government of Japan has not only arrested and detained for nearly one year youth Chong Hun Sang, former South Korean puppet army soldier who cast away the disgraceful service in the South Korean puppet army and crossed to Japan to come over to the northern half of the Republic for living, but is staging criminal "trials" in a vicious attempt to hand him over to South Korea where only death is awaiting him.

Youth Chong Hun Sang cast away the disgraceful service in the South Korean puppet army and got out of South Korea, which has been reduced into a living hell due to the colonial rule of U.S. imperialism, with the intention of seeking a happy life in the northern half of the Republic. This is his due right which no one should violate.

The intrigue of the Japanese authorities to hand youth Chong Hun Sang over to the Pak Jung Hi murderous bandits by staging "trials" and the like is an inhumane criminal act never to be condoned.

The attempt of the Sato Government of Japan to hand over to the South Korean puppet youth Chong Hun Sang who desires to be embraced in the bosom of the Republic, after keeping him in custody and inflicting persecution upon him for a long period stems from its antagonism against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and its intention to tighten the political tie-up with the South Korean puppet clique.

Since the Nixon-Sato talks in November last year the Japanese militarists have been all the more recklessly running riot to speed up fascistization at home, tighten the military and political compact with the South Korean puppets and widen the road of reinvasion of South Korea so they may come to the fore as the "shock-force" in the U.S. imperialists' Asian aggression.

The Korean people will never tolerate the Japanese militarists who are stepping up the repressive machinations against the Korean citizens in Japan and undisguisedly pursuing the hostile policy against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in conspiracy with the U.S. imperialists.

The Sato Government of Japan should immediately stop all sorts of persecution and suppression of the Korean citizens in Japan and ensure them democratic, national rights unconditionally and totally.

The Japanese Government should severely punish the Kodaira police authorities who committed violence on teachers and staff members of Korean University and take immediate steps lest such provocative acts should be repeated.

And the Japanese authorities should give up at once the criminal "trial" farce against youth Chong Hun Sang and unconditionally repatriate him to the northern half of the Republic as he wishes in accordance with international law and humanitarian principles.

If the Sato Government of Japan intensify the fascist suppression of the Korean citizens in Japan and persist in the moves to trample underfoot their democratic, national rights in defiance of the repeated warnings and just demand of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, it will be held entirely responsible for all the consequences arising therefrom and will not escape severe judgement.

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